

11th August,
2018



GTU
Innovation
&
Startup
Center



A Report on
Basic IPR
(Intellectual Property
Rights)

Speaker:

Mrs. Chintan Gorasiya
(Principle Associate)

Date:

11th July, 2018

Time:

10:30pm to 12:30pm

Venue:

GTU Innovation and Start-up
Center – Surat Centre, 1st floor
Amenity block, Dr. S. & S. S.
Gandhy GEC, Surat.

Introduction –

To give some basic insights about Patent Law and Intellectual property rights to the young innovators and students GIC organized “Basic of IPR” at **GTU Innovation Council**, Surat on 11th August, 2018. In this session students from across various colleges and department participated to learn importance of IPR. The orator for IPR session was **Mrs. Chintan Gorasiya (Principal Associate-Research & Litigation)** at **IntellectPeritus, Surat**.

As per the event timing event started at 10:30 am. In this session 50 candidates participated to know Basic of IPR. The session started with a quick introduction about **Mrs. Chintan Gorasiya**.

She briefed about :

- What is intellectual property Rights?
- How to protect intellectual property rights?
- Type of intellectual property rights?
- What are the legislation covering intellectual property rights?
- Who is responsible for the administration of IPRs in India?
- How is invention defined in the Indian Patent Act, which can qualify for a grant of the patent?
- What was the law for patent?
- What are the types of inventions which are not patentable in India

Patent means rights and protection of a unique innovation. Innovation means a new way of doing something, offering a new technical solution to a problem. IPR grant of exclusive rights of an invention – PRODUCT / PROCESS to the owner.

About the session :

This session on Basics of IPR was designed to enlighten the participants about the basics of Intellectual Property Rights, its effect on the ‘project to product process’ and patent basics. Learned about various types of cases where IPR affects the entire cycle of the product marketing and patent filing. Have insights on the Global and National Start-up Ecosystem and patent filing mechanism.

She also discussed about Patent Drafting, What is not patentable?, Specifications, Patent Prosecution, Patent Fees, Various Forms, Specification Acknowledgement, Request for Examination, Status of the patent.

At starting of the session some question were discussed which often came into the minds of people when they heard the name IPR.

What is Intellectual Property (IP)?

What are different IP Rights?

Why IPR is Important?

How IPR Knowledge will benefit career/ entrepreneur plans?

How IPR is actually inter-related with business strategies?

What is protectable?

What is non-protectable?

Then the types of owned property were discussed which are listed below-

Movable property

Immovable property

Intellectual property

Afterwards the session was continued by discussing the examples of intellectual property, which are listed below:-

- Scientific works
- Performances of performing artists
- Logos/Symbols
- Company marks
- Product names
- Bottle designs
- Manufacturing Regions
- Proof of ownership/creator
- Ensure remuneration for creator
- Limit the illegitimate commercial exploitation or plagiarism.
- Allow to achieve market monopoly for limited time period, etc.

Subsequently then the session was continued by discussing the importance of **IPR** w.r.t copyright. Following, two case studies were elaborated for the participants, which are:

- Fidget spinner & Breathable shoes

Successful implementation of IPR over any innovative idea can lead to a multi- million dollar business.

Then the types of IPR were discussed which are as follows

- Patent
- Trademark & its kind
- Industrial Designs
- Copyrights
- Trade secrets
- Geographical indications.

Q and A Session :

The last part of session included the questions & answers.

- Where we can apply for patent & other IPR?
 - Besides copyright & trademark, all other IPR can be applied to patent Offices.
- How much fees you require to file a patent?
 - Filing by own, it takes max. 10,000/- &
 - By patent agent, it takes 50,000 to 1 lakh.
- What is valid time for patent & other IPR?
 - Patent is valid up-to 20 years; trade secret is valid for the time you kept it safe (i.e. coca cola's trade secret).
- Is there any qualification require to file a patent?
 - No, there is no requirement of any qualification. Just need an innovative Idea.
- What we can do if someone stole & patent our idea?
 - We can register complain against him & we have to prove that the Research work has been done by you. This way you can take your right.

Useful Links :

For information about various Sections:

http://ipindia.nic.in/IPActs_Rules/updated_Version/sections

<http://www.wipo.int/portal/en/index.html>

<https://spicyip.com/>

Youtube Link

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P70EJkELI90&list=PLnNDkCrMgsxmtRZwiflRri38ykvtcqJxn>

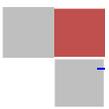
Event photos:





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